## **Literacy Definitions**

• **Literacy:** Literacy is the ability to use printed and written information to function in society, to achieve one's goals and to develop one's knowledge and potential.

## • There are three types of literacy:

**Prose literacy** - The knowledge and skills needed to perform prose tasks, (i.e., to search, comprehend and use continuous texts). Examples include editorials, news stories, brochures and instructional materials.

**Document literacy** - The knowledge and skills needed to perform document tasks, (i.e., to search, comprehend and use non-continuous texts in various formats). Examples include job applications, payroll forms, transportation schedules, maps, tables and drug or food labels.

**Quantitative literacy -** The knowledge and skills required to perform quantitative tasks, (i.e., to identify and perform computations, either alone or sequentially, using numbers embedded in printed materials). Examples include balancing a checkbook, figuring out a tip, completing an order form or determining the amount.

## National Assessment of Adult Literacy (NAAL)

## • Levels of Literacy:

**Below Basic** indicates no more than the most simple and concrete literacy skills.

**Basic** indicates skills necessary to perform simple and everyday literacy activities.

*Intermediate* indicates skills necessary to perform moderately challenging literacy activities.

**Proficient** indicates skills necessary to perform more complex and challenging literacy activities.